

INFORMATION REPORT

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NO. OF PAGES 2

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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Animal Diseases

- 50X1

- 50X1

- 50X1

- SEE LAST PAGE FOR SUBJECT & AREA CODES
CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL

50X1

CONFIDENTIAL

- 2 -

took steps to see that such animals were all vaccinated. This situation prevailed, of course, when livestock was exported and imported from the country.

4. With reference to quarantine of infected animals, about the only measure employed by inspectors was burning and burial of such animals.

Research

5. Vaccines and other veterinary medicines were supplied from Bucharest to veterinarians who resided in the rural and livestock regions of Rumania. Experiments for effective treatment of glanders were conducted at the University of Jassy. [redacted] this research was confined to the isolation of the pathogen and the eventual development of a special serum to be used as a vaccine.

Personalities

6. Two of the more capable Rumanian veterinarians [redacted] are the following:

a. Doctor Joann Pizo [redacted], this veterinarian was assigned to the Trnava Mica district. During World War II, Pizo served as a veterinarian with the Rumanian Army. Actually his specialty is military veterinary medicine. [redacted]

[redacted] 11 1954/. Pizo has no publications [redacted]

b. Doctor Aurel Degan [redacted] He is chief veterinarian for the region around Cluj. [redacted] (acting.) Degan took all his education at the University of Bucharest. He is considered to be one of the most outstanding veterinarians in the country. During World War II Degan served the Rumanian Army as a veterinarian where he cared for all horses used by the military. His specialty is actually the care and treatment of horses. [redacted]

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